



Ravensbourne
PRIMARY SCHOOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

School Directory

Ministry Number: 3808

Principal: Jo Wilson

School Address: 8 Wanaka Street, Ravensbourne, Dunedin 9022

School Phone: 03 471 0410

School Email: office@ravensbourne.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

Solutions & Services
Collaborative School Administration

RAVENSBOURNE SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

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Ravensbourne School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management, including the Principal and others as directed by the Board, accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Presiding Member

Full Name of Principal

Signature of Presiding Member

Signature of Principal

Date:

Date:

Ravensbourne School

Members of the Board

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Graham McCulloch	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2025
Jo Wilson	Principal	ex Officio	
Susan Wardell	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Jo-Anne Stephens	Teacher Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Dannielle Moanaroa	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2024
Rachel Davis	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Matthew Newton	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025

Ravensbourne School

Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Notes	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	437,898	404,037	425,357
Locally Raised Funds	3	32,477	8,760	22,738
Interest		2,291	-	2,319
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	3,913
Total Revenue		472,666	412,797	454,327
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	29,775	-	7,421
Learning Resources	4	244,797	230,700	247,139
Administration	5	59,442	33,930	49,693
Interest		1,120	-	1,006
Property	6	160,248	142,000	120,263
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		7	-	-
Total Expense		495,389	406,630	425,522
Net (Deficit)/Surplus for the year		(22,723)	6,167	28,805
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		(22,723)	6,167	28,805

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ravensbourne School

Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January		58,953	58,953	24,874
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		(22,723)	6,167	28,805
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		3,192	1,000	483
Contribution - Te Mana Tūhono		4,021	-	4,791
Equity at 31 December		43,443	66,120	58,953
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		43,443	66,120	58,953
Equity at 31 December		43,443	66,120	58,953

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ravensbourne School

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	(Unaudited)	\$
			\$	
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	46,035	73,575	47,208
Accounts Receivable	8	25,677	15,702	15,702
GST Receivable		1,657	4,477	4,477
Prepayments		3,716	2,627	2,627
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	14	-	-	-
		77,085	96,381	70,014
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	10	25,166	26,978	26,978
Revenue Received in Advance	11	6,767	1,710	1,710
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	12	-	-	5,122
Finance Lease Liability	13	5,131	4,692	4,692
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	14	-	1,522	1,522
		37,064	34,902	40,024
Working Capital Surplus		40,021	61,479	29,990
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	9	33,354	24,978	39,178
		33,354	24,978	39,178
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	12	24,847	10,122	-
Finance Lease Liability	13	5,085	10,215	10,215
		29,932	20,337	10,215
Net Assets		43,443	66,120	58,953
Equity		43,443	66,120	58,953

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ravensbourne School

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Note	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	(Unaudited)	\$
			\$	
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		159,620	123,437	156,942
Locally Raised Funds		28,477	8,760	23,543
Goods and Services Tax (net)		2,820	-	(6,806)
Payments to Employees		(70,018)	(35,350)	(72,220)
Payments to Suppliers		(120,657)	(70,680)	(77,853)
Interest Paid		(1,120)	-	(1,006)
Interest Received		2,333	-	2,307
Net cash from Operating Activities		1,455	26,167	24,907
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment		-	-	3,913
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment		(400)	(800)	(5,313)
Net cash (to) Investing Activities		(400)	(800)	(1,400)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		3,192	1,000	483
Finance Lease Payments		(3,898)	-	(4,944)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		(1,522)	-	(72,436)
Net cash (to)/from Financing Activities		(2,228)	1,000	(76,897)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,173)	26,367	(53,390)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	47,208	47,208	100,598
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	46,035	73,575	47,208

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense, and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ravensbourne School

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

1.1. Reporting Entity

Ravensbourne School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting

1.2. Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical Maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 12.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 9.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 13. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 19b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

1.3. Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period to which they relate. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period to which they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and recognised as revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

1.4. Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

1.5. Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

1.6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

1.7. Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The school's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

1.8. Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements funded by the Board to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, except for library resources, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements	10–75 years
Furniture and Equipment	10–15 years
Information and Communication Technology	4–5 years
Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease
Library Resources	12.5% Diminishing value

1.9. Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

1.10. Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

1.11. Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

1.12. Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

1.13. Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

1.14. Funds held for Capital Works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

1.15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside the day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a variety of periods in accordance with the conditional assessment of each area of the school. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

1.16. Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable and finance lease liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

1.17. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

1.18. Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

1.19. Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	153,567	124,037	138,625
Teachers' Salaries Grants	158,827	180,000	160,396
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	93,854	100,000	89,728
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	21,805	-	18,665
Other Government Grants	9,845	-	17,943
	<u>437,898</u>	<u>404,037</u>	<u>425,357</u>

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Revenue			
Donations and Bequests	3,212	1,960	13,604
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	5,212	1,800	3,207
Trading	348	-	287
Fundraising and Community Grants	3,201	5,000	5,142
Other Revenue	20,504	-	498
	<u>32,477</u>	<u>8,760</u>	<u>22,738</u>
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	4,035	-	-
Trading	542	-	4,652
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	1,553	-	2,694
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	23,645	-	75
	<u>29,775</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,421</u>
<i>Surplus for the year Locally raised funds</i>	<u>2,702</u>	<u>8,760</u>	<u>15,317</u>

4. Learning Resources

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	8,168	4,200	6,690
Information and Communication Technology	4,711	5,000	3,346
Employee Benefits - Salaries	214,327	205,700	226,237
Other Learning Resources	70	200	160
Staff Development	7,283	600	2,763
Depreciation	10,238	15,000	7,943
	<u>244,797</u>	<u>230,700</u>	<u>247,139</u>

5. Administration

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	8,041	5,000	3,459
Board Fees and Expenses	2,498	3,700	2,768
Operating Leases	-	5,000	1,924
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	21,805	-	18,665
Other Administration Expenses	9,761	3,980	6,009
Employee Benefits - Salaries	12,295	10,250	11,149
Insurance	1,092	-	1,031
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	3,950	6,000	4,688
	<u>59,442</u>	<u>33,930</u>	<u>49,693</u>

6. Property

	2024	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023
	Actual		Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Consultancy and Contract Services	11,000	10,000	8,045
Cyclical Maintenance	5,414	5,000	5,122
Adjustment to the Provision- Other Adjustments	14,311	-	(7,000)
Heat, Light and Water	16,822	12,700	11,085
Rates	3,611	2,700	3,209
Repairs and Maintenance	8,057	4,500	2,445
Use of Land and Buildings	93,854	100,000	89,728
Other Property Expenses	7,179	7,100	7,629
	<u>160,248</u>	<u>142,000</u>	<u>120,263</u>

The Use of Land and Buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2024	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023
	Actual		Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	46,035	73,575	47,208
Cash and Cash Equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	<u>46,035</u>	<u>73,575</u>	<u>47,208</u>

Of the \$46,035 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$6,767 of unspent grant funding is held by the School. This funding is subject to conditions which specify how the grant is required to be spent. If these conditions are not met, the funds will need to be returned.

8. Accounts Receivable

	2024	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023
	Actual		Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	3,195	-	-
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	9,264	1,371	1,371
Interest Receivable	61	103	103
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	13,157	14,228	14,228
	<u>25,677</u>	<u>15,702</u>	<u>15,702</u>
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3,256	103	103
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	22,421	15,599	15,599
	<u>25,677</u>	<u>15,702</u>	<u>15,702</u>

9. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2024	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	650	-	-	-	(190)	460
Furniture and Equipment	15,610	-	-	-	(3,132)	12,478
Information and Communication Technology	6,136	4,021	-	-	(1,659)	8,498
Leased Assets	14,747	-	-	-	(4,954)	9,793
Library Resources	2,035	400	(7)	-	(303)	2,125
Balance at 31 December 2024	<u>39,178</u>	<u>4,421</u>	<u>(7)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,238)</u>	<u>33,354</u>

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$9,793 (2023: \$14,747)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions relating to the above noted finance leases, there are no other restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2024	2024	2024	2023	2023	2023
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	89,489	(89,029)	460	89,711	(89,061)	650
Furniture and Equipment	47,695	(35,217)	12,478	55,229	(39,619)	15,610
Information and Communication Technology	25,021	(16,523)	8,498	44,288	(38,152)	6,136
Leased Assets	17,814	(8,021)	9,793	29,946	(15,199)	14,747
Library Resources	14,832	(12,707)	2,125	14,482	(12,447)	2,035
Balance at 31 December	194,851	(161,497)	33,354	233,656	(194,478)	39,178

10. Accounts Payable

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	2,470	3,287	3,287
Accruals	8,041	4,774	4,774
Banking Staffing Overuse	-	600	600
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	13,803	17,905	17,905
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	852	412	412
	25,166	26,978	26,978
Payables for Exchange Transactions	25,166	26,978	26,978
	25,166	26,978	26,978

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

11. Revenue Received in Advance

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	6,767	905	905
Other Revenue in Advance	-	805	805
	6,767	1,710	1,710

12. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	5,122	5,122	7,000
Increase to the Provision During the Year	5,414	5,000	5,122
Other Adjustments	14,311	-	(7,000)
Provision at the End of the Year	24,847	10,122	5,122
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	-	5,122
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	24,847	10,122	-
	24,847	10,122	5,122

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting & other significant cyclical maintenance work to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the School's most recent 10 Year Property plan, adjusted as identified and confirmed appropriate by the Board, to other reliable sources of evidence.

13. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No later than one year	5,812	5,812	5,812
Later than One Year	5,458	11,269	11,269
Future Finance Charges	(1,054)	(2,174)	(2,174)
	10,216	14,907	14,907
Represented by:			
Finance lease liability - Current	5,131	4,692	4,692
Finance lease liability - Non-current	5,085	10,215	10,215
	10,216	14,907	14,907

14. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7, and includes retentions on the projects, if applicable.

2024	Opening Balances	Receipts from MoE	Payments	Board Contributions	Closing Balances
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ILE upgrade (includes drainage) - 219260	1,522	-	-	(1,522)	-
Windows & Doors -248890	-	35,544	(35,544)	-	-
Totals	1,522	35,544	(35,544)	(1,522)	-

Represented by:

Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

2023	Opening Balances	Receipts from MoE	Payments	Board Contributions	Closing Balances
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ILE upgrade (includes drainage) - 219260	73,958	-	(72,436)	-	1,522
Totals	73,958	-	(72,436)	-	1,522

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education

1,522

15. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as: government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies for example, Government departments and Crown entities are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

16. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, and the Principal.

	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
<i>Board Members</i>		
Remuneration	2,305	2,745
<i>Leadership Team</i>		
Remuneration	125,121	122,936
Full-time equivalent members	1.00	1.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	127,426	125,681

There are five members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held eight full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2024 Actual \$000	2023 Actual \$000
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	120 - 130	120 - 130
Benefits and Other Emoluments	0 - 0	0 - 0
Termination Benefits	0 - 0	0 - 0

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2024 FTE Number	2023 FTE Number
100 - 110	-	-
	-	-

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

17. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and the number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-

18. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets except as noted below as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance – Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity Settlement Wash Up amounts

In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for non-teaching collective and pay equity agreements. At the date of signing the financial statements the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or a liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

19. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2024, the Board had no capital commitments (2023:\$1,523).

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2024 the Board has not entered into any operating contracts.

(Operating commitments at 31 December 2023: nil)

20. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	46,035	73,575	47,208
Receivables	25,677	15,702	15,702
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>71,712</u>	<u>89,277</u>	<u>62,910</u>

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	25,166	26,978	26,978
Finance Leases	10,216	14,907	14,907
Total Financial liabilities measured at amortised Cost	<u>35,382</u>	<u>41,885</u>	<u>41,885</u>

21. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

22. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.